

Rain, followed by clear weather by Friday afternoon; warmer Friday morning; easterly winds.

NO. 760.

## The Great Providers.

### AWKWARD

Not to have enough dining-room chairs when visitors unexpectedly drop in. The embarrassment is worth more than we are asking for good ones. Yes, we are making a special drive in chairs this week—selling them at less than half price. Here's a sample:



High-back Dining Chair, upholstered in plush material, 33c Cash or Credit.

**Mayer & Pettit**  
415-417 Seventh St.

## FEWER MAIL DELIVERIES

Postoffice Contemplates a Radical Change.

## THE LARGE CITIES AFFECTED

Only the Resident Sections Will Be Cut Down to Not More Than Four Trips Daily by Carriers—The Plan Will Not Materially Change the System in Vogue Here.

The Post Office Department officials say their policy will be one of the strictest economy during the coming year and what may be considered the inauguration of that policy will be the cutting down of deliveries in the resident sections of all the large cities of the country.

The House Committee on Postoffice and Postroads of which Representative Eugene F. Loud, of California, is chairman, has pointed out to the Postmaster-General and his assistants the urgency of doing something in order to keep the expenditures of the Department within the appropriations. The department has decided to begin the work of "chopping" by limiting the deliveries as stated.

First Assistant Postmaster-General Heath yesterday notified Chairman Loud of the department's decision in the matter and this morning Mr. Loud called on Mr. Heath in his office and discussed the matter. Mr. Loud said it was his opinion that if the department would reduce the deliveries of the resident sections to four at the most in most cases, if the Postoffice for all emergencies. He said that as a matter of fact two deliveries of the main resident section ought to be quite sufficient. The business man would like to have a delivery in the morning before he started to his office and one in the afternoon. He said that any subsequent mail could be waiting at his arrival home in the evening. He did not think that the correspondence of the ladies of a family actually required more than the same number of deliveries a day.

Mr. Heath informed Mr. Loud that if possible he wanted to do away with a deficiency appropriation altogether. In speaking on this subject Mr. Loud said that it was a dangerous thing to allow in most cases, if the Postoffice or any other department should be allowed to exceed the appropriations by \$100,000 he said he saw no reason why they should not exceed them by \$2,000,000.

In regard to the delivery in resident sections it has been determined to make not more than four trips by carriers in those sections in any city. The Postoffice Department will probably send four or five inspectors to New York and other large cities to obtain facts to be used in inaugurating the proposed change. The needs of the different sections will be studied, sparsely settled suburban portions will be given two deliveries a day. The strictly residential sections will receive their mail three times daily, and sections that are partly residential and partly business will be given four deliveries a day. There will be no change in the business sections.

It is not thought that the proposed changes will result in any material changes in the resident section of this city, as the local schedule of deliveries does not include many trips as in larger cities. The local schedule will probably continue as follows: 3-trip deliveries at 7, 11:15 and 2:30 o'clock; 4-trip deliveries at 7:30, 10:30, 12:15 and 3:30 o'clock; departmental deliveries at 7:15, 10:30, 12:30, 3:30 and 10:30 o'clock.

## Has Sworn to Kill Arrangements.

Paris, Jan. 6.—The Madrid government has received information that Ruiz was invited by Arranguren to visit him, and, further, that a certain individual now in the insurgent camp has sworn to kill Arranguren for his cowardly betrayal of Ruiz.

## She Wants to Be a Justice.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Mrs. F. E. Finch, a prominent church worker, has announced her candidacy for justice of the peace in Evanston. Her campaign platform is "a war of extermination against all liquor dealers within her jurisdiction."

Frank Libbey & Company, Sixth street and New York avenue.

## THE ANTI-SCALPING BILL

Senator Tillman Waxes Warm at the Hearing.

## WANTS ROADS INVESTIGATED

Ticket Brokers' Association Representative Submits Affidavits That Railroads Furnish 95 Per Cent of Tickets to Scalpers—Traveling Men Oppose the Bill—The Arguments.

The Senate Interstate Commerce Committee heard additional arguments this morning on the anti-scalping bill. The Senators present were: Cullom, chairman; Wolcott, Gear, Ekins, and Tillman.

Mr. George McKean, of Chicago, representing the Ticket Brokers' Association, was examined carefully, and submitted a number of affidavits to prove, as he claimed, that 95 per cent of the business of the brokers was done directly with railroads. He explained the system of purchasing mileage tickets, but said in answer to questions put to him that he would consider it a breach of faith if he were compelled to give names of companies, though he admitted that if he were forced under oath he would have to produce books and papers.

Senator Tillman, the only member who seemed to be in favor of the scalping business, got warm in his remarks and urged that the whole anti-scalping bill should be investigated, so that if any thing was being done, the Senate and the country might know it.

Mr. J. F. Thiele, of Chicago, representing the Illinois Traveling Men's Association, read a carefully prepared statement in opposition to the bill. He alluded to the railroads favoring the measure as "grabbing monopolies," and said traveling men by a large majority bought tickets of the scalpers. The New York Central, of Chicago, connected with the Passenger Traffic Association.

Prominent railway officials were on hand too, who, while not questioned directly, were ready to give information. Among the latter were Mr. Geo. W. Boyd, assistant general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania railroad, and Mr. Caldwell, of Chicago, connected with the Passenger Traffic Association.

## PROTEST AGAINST AN ORDER

Senator Mason Objects to Piece Work at Rock Island.

Yost and Walker Got Little Satisfaction From President as to S. Brown Allen's Appointment.

Statesmen were plentiful at the White House this morning, but the most interested was Senator Mason, who called to protest against the new system of piece work at the Rock Island yards, which, he claims, has extended the hours and reduced the pay of employees. The reason given was that it was cheaper to live in the West than the East. Senator Mason stated his case to the President and said he was confident that the order would be revoked.

Representatives Walker and Yost, of Virginia, called to protest against the appointment of S. Brown Allen as United States marshal, urging the appointment of Henry Bowen instead. Allen had been promised the place before election, however, and the representatives received but little satisfaction.

Senator Deboe called to ask for more speedy action on the appointment of Barnett as surveyor of the port at Louisville, and Senator Tamm, of Kentucky, introduced several applications for the Frankfort, Kentucky, postoffice and slipped in a word for S. B. Hohmann.

## DISTRICT COMMITTEE BUSINESS.

### Suffrage Hearing Thursday Next and District Day January 17.

The House District Committee met today, and a number of members were present. It was agreed to report a bill for the relief of Peter Von Eppen.

The committee resolved to ask that District Day in the House be postponed from Monday next till the Monday following.

### Thursday Next was the day set for the hearing of citizens upon the question of suffrage for the District.

## Street Extension Jury's Verdict.

The third street extension jury today returned its verdict and award, relative to the opening of Nineteenth street extended, between Florida and California avenues, and the extension in Oak Lawn, both in section 1 of the extension system.

## Dronch in California.

San Francisco, Jan. 6.—The crop condition in this State is beginning to be serious. Scarcely a drop of rain has fallen in the farming counties for a month.

## Respite for a Murderer.

St. Louis, Jan. 6.—Gov. Stephens has granted a thirty day respite to George Thompson, the colored murderer sentenced to hang Friday.

## Take advantage of our dull season

and buy lumber and mill work at cut prices.

## CARRYING AID TO THE CUBANS.

Three Filibustering Expeditions Get Off to the Island.

West Palm Beach, Fla., Jan. 6.—United States war vessels here have within the past few days received word of three filibustering expeditions preparing to leave Tampa, Punta Gorda and Plant City. The revenue cutter McLean has chased two or three steamers, but while all of this was going on the cargoes of goods were sent down over the East coast line and on schooners and tugs shipped to Cuba.

The Dauntless is not among the ships and no authentic news further than that three vessels are off has been learned.

## PLATINUM IN CALIFORNIA.

Important Discovery of the Metal in Jack County.

Fort Worth, Tex., Jan. 6.—Messrs. Deselle and Nickel, expert miners of California, recently bought 300 acres of land in Jack county, near Jacksboro. They have sunk a 110-foot shaft and found numerous samples of platinum at a depth of fifty feet from the surface which continues in layers to the bottom of the shaft.

Small quantities of both gold and silver were found. Nuggets of platinum as large as a pea were found.

## ONE SHOT ENDS HIS LIFE

Suicide of W. T. Buckley, Member of a New York Dry Goods House.

Business Trouble Supposed to Have Been the Cause of the Deed. Lived Extravagantly.

Far Rockaway, N. Y., Jan. 6.—William T. Buckley, a member of the firm of Dunham, Buckley & Co., the big dry goods firm of New York city, shot himself in the head at his home in Wave Crest this morning, inflicting a wound which soon caused his death. All the circumstances surrounding the case indicate that the shooting was done with suicidal intent.

Mr. Buckley had been home from business for the past three or four days, suffering from a severe cold. At about 8 a. m. today a pistol shot was heard in Mr. Buckley's room, and on some of the inmates going there they found him bleeding from a bullet wound in the head. He was breathing heavily and soon became unconscious.

A physician was quickly summoned. When he arrived Mr. Buckley was still alive, but the case was hopeless. The owner of Far Rockaway went to the Buckley residence, but was unable to get a statement from Mr. Buckley. Mr. Buckley died shortly after the arrival of the coroner.

Business troubles are said to have been the cause of the suicide. It had been a common report in Far Rockaway that Mr. Buckley was living extravagantly, and had in this way had some trouble with his associates in business.

Mr. Buckley leaves a widow and son. The latter is twenty-two years old.

At the office of Dunham, Buckley & Co., 340 Broadway, this city, much surprise was expressed at the news that Mr. Buckley had killed himself at his home in Far Rockaway. James P. Dunham gave out a statement in which he said there was only one cause to which he could attribute the action of Mr. Buckley, whom he had known for twenty-five years.

He thought he might have become depressed because he was not taken back into the firm when it was reorganized January 1. Business reasons made the step necessary. Mr. Buckley said there were no irregularities in Buckley's financial dealings. Mr. Buckley was forty-eight years old. He was reported to be a millionaire. His son, Townsend Buckley, is a student at Princeton.

## DYING IN A STRANGE CITY.

Police Looking for the Relatives of John O'Leary.

The police and detectives are looking for the relatives of John O'Leary, a former resident of this city, who is dying of consumption in a Philadelphia hospital.

Inspector Mattingly yesterday received a letter from William P. Forde, 420 South Twentieth street, Philadelphia, requesting that an inquiry be instituted among the O'Learys of Washington, to discover the man's relatives, and notify them of his condition. The letter was given to Detectives Boardman and Gallagher, and they spent considerable time in trying to locate O'Leary's people, but without success.

The letter states that O'Leary left Washington in October, 1886. His wife then lived in the northwest part of the city. The last heard from her was three or four years ago. Her maiden name was Barry.

Late this afternoon Detectives Gallagher and Boardman located Mrs. Annie O'Leary, the wife of the sick man, at No. 2101 K street northwest. When told of her husband's whereabouts the woman broke down and sobbed.

"I dreamed of him last night," she said. "Just to think, he left his home twenty years ago, and me with four little ones to support. I don't know why he left me."

She received a position in the Treasury Department, and is now providing in a small way for her family. She said: "Well, I've got a home for him if he will come back."

## Cases in Police Court.

Harry Tillman, for an assault on Emma Washington, was sentenced by Judge Kimball this morning to pay a fine of \$10 or jail for twenty days. Harry Lacey, for stealing a saw valued at \$1.60 from the Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company, was held in \$300 bond for the grand jury.

## Shot Dead by a Mantle.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 6.—J. W. Stone, an Irishman from Sioux City, last night shot and killed Frank Kahler, a prominent young business man, in his place of business, and sent a bullet through the arm of Frank Aris, a partner of Kahler. Stone is under arrest. He had been wandering about town two days acting strangely.

## N. C. kiln dried flooring \$1.50 per 100

all one width and one length.

## GORMAN YET A POSSIBILITY

Deal With Poling Republicans Might Re-elect Him.

## SITUATION AT ANNAPOLIS

Democratic Leader Says His Party Does Not Want the Reorganization of the House, But May Be Compelled to Take a Hand So That the Assembly May Get to Work.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 6.—The political situation here is full of possibilities. There is no concealing the fact that the Democrats have hopes of re-electing Mr. Gorman to the United States Senate. They argue in this way:

If the eleven bolting Republicans hold together they can get all they want and a great deal more than they have ever dreamed of getting. They can get a police commissioner of their own choice. They can select the treasurer of the State, and command the patronage of that office. One of them can be made speaker of the house, and they can control the entire patronage of the house of delegates, and, if they desire, can extend Mr. Gorman's term of office as mayor of Baltimore to four years, and so secure for that length of time, for their own faction, all the vast patronage of the city hall, and all in return for nine votes for Mr. Gorman for the Senate.

The Democrats, or at least some of them, profess to believe that personally many of the Republicans would prefer voting for Mr. Gorman to voting for Judge McMan. It remains to be seen whether the political virtue of the faithful eleven will be proof against such a temptation if they are subjected to it.

It is pretty certain that there has so far been no communication between the Malster Republicans and the Democrats of the house. If there have been any negotiations, they have been between outsiders. It is believed that Hon. Murray Vandiver is not here on a pleasure excursion. That is just what he is doing. He is here on a mission. He is here to see what can be done to bring about a reconciliation between the two factions.

In an interview Mr. John S. Wright, one of the Democratic leaders of the house of delegates, said:

"There is nothing in the talk about a deal between the Democratic minority and either wing of the Republicans. It is the Democratic policy to vote for our own caucus nominees until it becomes impossible to do so. The Republicans are not entitled to the public business. For myself, I am opposed to deals. There seems to be an impression among some of the Republicans that the Democratic support can be had in exchange for committee clerkships or something of that sort. There never was a greater mistake."

"We do not care for committee clerkships and we do not wish the speaker to be an organization of the house. It would be entirely useless to us. The Republicans have the majority of members. If we had it, it would be of no use to us, because, with the senate and governor against us, we can enact no law, except by their permission. We are not adding any favor to the majority in the house as we are entirely able to take care of ourselves. We can make up in vigor and discipline what we lack in numbers, so far as to prevent any outrageous legislation of a partisan or other character."

When questioned about the possibility of electing a Democrat to the United States Senate, Mr. Wright had to say, remarking that this is a matter which only the future can determine.

## STALE RECORDS STOLEN.

Leaf Cut From a Ledger Containing Committee Accounts.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 6.—The greatest sensation yesterday was a discovery made by the treasury officers that the ledger of the committee on the grand jury, which is in session here, had been mutilated by some one. The ledger was found to be missing from the book one sheet, pages 111 and 112, on which were recorded part of the legislative expenses of 1886.

Inspector Mattingly wrote a letter to Governor Lowndes formally advising him of the circumstance and asking him to take such action as would lead to the discovery of the perpetrator of the outrage and bring him to punishment.

## EVENTS AT WHITE HOUSE

Official List of the President's Engagements.

The various dinners, receptions and functions in this city and elsewhere.

The complete and official list of the President's social engagements was given out at the White House this morning as follows:

Vice President's dinner, January 11. Diplomatic, judicial, and Congressional reception, January 19. Secretary Sherman's dinner, January 20. Secretary Alger's dinner, January 22. Attorney General McKenna's dinner, January 24.

Diplomatic dinner, January 26. Banquet of National Manufacturers' Association, (New York), January 27. Judicial and Congressional reception, at New York, February 2. Secretary Bliss' dinner, February 4. Supreme Court dinner, February 8. Army and Navy reception, February 11. Congressional, judicial and diplomatic reception, February 16.

Leaves for Philadelphia, February 21. Leaves for New York, February 22.

## IVY BUSINESS COLLEGE—8th and K.

None better; \$26 a year; day or night.

## N. C. kiln dried ceiling \$1.25 per 100

all one width, clear, beaded.

## NEW PLANS AGAINST HANNA

Report That Three of His Supporters Will Be Unseated.

## RULAN PLEDGED AGAINST HIM

Policy of the Democrats—Will Not at First Support the Anti-Hanna Candidates—Gov. Bushnell's State Patronage to Be Used as an Inducement in Certain Quarters.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 6.—Since both senate and house have adjourned to next Monday many of the members of the legislature have returned to their homes, only those actively engaged in the Senatorial contest remaining. It begins to look now as though many days of battling would be necessary before a Senator is selected.

That Democrats will probably not agree in their caucus which is to be held next Monday night upon a candidate for Senator. They will probably not support the Republican candidates of the anti-Hanna men at first.

These will no doubt be Kurtz and Bushnell for the short and long terms, respectively. This will make a deadlock. The State patronage in the hands of Gov. Bushnell will be used as inducements with the Democrats.

The Hanna managers admit now that Representative Rulan is pledged against Mr. Hanna. He booted the Republican caucus, but up to this time it has been claimed that he would support Mr. Hanna.

The Press will say today that affidavits have been placed in the hands of Prosecuting Attorney C. W. Voorhees, charging that Hanna managers have attempted to buy members of the legislature—further corroborating the story given in a special edition of the Press at 6 o'clock last evening that Prosecutors Voorhees had the matter under consideration.

It is rumored here this morning that the next play of the anti-Hanna men would be to unseat three Republican members of the house. They are Norris, Smith, and Leland. These men were elected by very slender majorities—less than 100 altogether, and Norris' right to the seat has already been contested in the courts. If they are ousted on Monday, Mr. Hanna will lose three votes.

A story has been circulated in political circles here as explanatory of the antagonistic attitude of Gov. Bushnell toward Mr. Hanna.

According to the story, when the governor came to the conclusion to appoint Hanna to the Senate, a distinct understanding was arrived at between the two that Mr. Hanna should fill out the residue of Senator Sherman's term and the governor should be elected to the full term of six years.

## COULDN'T COWE A WOMAN.

Mrs. Griffith Tells of Her Treatment by Hanna and His Henchmen.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 6.—The whole State of Ohio is talking of Mrs. John E. Griffith, the brave little wife of the Republican Representative from Union county, who, by her resistance to the influence of Mark Hanna, has made herself the chief instrument of his probable defeat.

The effect of her disclosures of the manner in which she was treated by Hanna and his agents has been disastrous to his cause. It has not only turned her husband against him, but has alienated many others who had been inclined to his support.

More than this her statement is considered a sufficient warrant by State Attorney C. M. Voorhees, of this county, for presenting the matter to the grand jury, which is in session here. That the jury has been considering the case is indicated by the character of the witnesses who have been called in.

Mrs. Griffith told her story how she was lured from the hotel where she and her husband were staying and taken to the hotel where Hanna has his headquarters. Here she was taken to a room and left alone for quite a while.

"The next move on the part of these men," continued Mrs. Griffith, "was to take me to the room of my husband and then to the room of my husband's friends. I was told that it was his duty to vote for Hanna and Boxwell, but the only reply I made to their importunities was that my husband was an honest man and would do whatever he considered right."

"Finally, after long bantering in this way, I said, 'Gentlemen, I am tired and sleepy and need rest. I must retire. I can only repeat what I have said, and that is that my husband will do whatever he promises.'"

"I then asked to be taken to my room, and was informed that I could not go there, as it was occupied. I was compelled to remain up until daylight, and was then shown to a room, and retired. When I asked for my husband they told me that he had left the hotel. This was true, for he had gone to the Grosvenor Hotel, under the impression that I had been taken there."

"I was then conducted to another room, where I remained all night, and then called a messenger to send for some of my friends. Shortly afterward a messenger came to me and said that Senator Hanna wished to see me again. In a few minutes he came to my room."

"He said he hoped I had come to see things in a different light. I informed him that I had not changed my mind in the least. Then he said: 'Mrs. Griffith, I am sorry to see you stand in the way of your own and your husband's interests. If he will only vote with us, he will not regret it. I have influence, and I will give him a position such as he could not obtain in years, a position that will benefit you both. I can put your husband in a position where he would get as much as he would in five years by his labor.'"

"As my husband makes more than \$2,000 a year, I considered this an offer of about \$10,000. Senator Hanna added: 'And I will see that you benefit by it as well.'"

"I informed the Senator that he

## Mantle bracket shelves 40c up

mads of the best white pine, ornamental.

## BURKE IS VERY BITTER.

Says Hanna Men Can't Bulldoze Him Into Voting for the Boss.

Cleveland, Jan. 6.—There is about as much likelihood that Senator Vernon H. Burke will vote for Mr. Hanna as there is that the river Nile can be dammed with bulldozes. Senator Burke is in town and he indignantly repudiates the claim made at the Hanna headquarters yesterday that he would vote for Hanna.

"They cannot force me by coercion or blackmail," exclaimed Mr. Burke. "They can't make me join their number by the employment of bulldozing tactics. They have impugned my honor or have branded me as a traitor and a Judas and have even sought to influence members of my family to urge me to vote for Hanna. If I was the last man in the legislature and had to act alone I would do what I thought was right and retain my manhood."

"Mr. Hanna's friends have used all their despicable methods on me and they have failed. They say I made a trade with the Democrats for the empty honor of the presidency pro tem of the senate. The man who says that is a liar."

Tonight the meeting of the Tippecanoe Club is to take place. Resolutions have been prepared expecting Mayor McKisson from the club. If such a resolution is introduced it will result in a debate that may end in a free fight. It will tend towards the disintegration of the Tippecanoe Club by reason of wholesale resignations, and it will do more than any other thing to continue the disruption of the Republican party locally.

## MR. TOWNE'S FIRM BELIEF.

It Is That Senator Hanna Will Not Be Elected.

Ex-Congressman Towne, of Minnesota, chairman of the executive committee of the Republican National Silver Committee, has been in frequent communication with the "combine" at Columbus. When he was last in Ohio and conferred with the anti-Hanna people, he says, he frankly expressed the opinion that the opponents of Hanna would not be able to organize the legislature, but, having accomplished the hardest task, and one which seemed so impossible, Mr. Towne now firmly believes that the combination can prevent Hanna's election, even though not exactly in a position to select the man they may want. Mr. Towne and other silver Republicans, about the idea that gold Democratic strength in the legislature is likely to hold out for a deal by which Mr. Burke or any other man with his views can be sent to the Senate.

## SPINNERS AGREE TO STRIKE

Determined to Resist the Cut in Their Wages.

New Bedford Takes the Lead, But the Movement Likely to Extend to Other Towns.

Boston, Jan. 6.—The first stand against the announced reduction in wages by the New England mills was made last night when the new spinners and doffers of New Bedford met in that city and unanimously voted to resist the cut.

Samuel Ross, secretary of the Mule Spinners' Union, addressed the operatives previous to the vote and tried to induce them to hold out, so far as a strike is concerned, until March, when a general movement against the cut would probably be made. The assembly did not heed him, and voted practically to strike when the reduction in wages is enforced on January 17.

Secretary Ross has called a meeting of the executive council of the National Mule Spinners' Association for next Sunday, when the situation will be discussed and the action of the New Bedford spinners endorsed or disapproved.

The New Bedford Union has \$60,000 in its treasury and is likely to strike, whether the National Council wills it or not.

Further notices of a reduction in wages were sent in several mill towns yesterday. In Fall River the notices of a cut of 11.19 per cent were posted in the Iron Works Mills owned by M. C. Jordan, a firm that did not enter into the agreement for the Manufacturers' Association.

All mills are running full in Fall River under the new rate.

In North Bridge, Mass., the Paul Whittey Manufacturing Company joined the other cotton mills in the Hackettville Valley, and announced a cut of 10 per cent.

In Exeter, N. H., the Exeter Manufacturing Company posted notices of a 10 per cent reduction. This is the first cut-down at these mills in twenty years.

## Recognition of Consuls.

The President has recognized the following: W. H. Edge, as consul of Benmark, at Newport News, Va. James Houghton, vice consul at Newport News. Albert Manson, British consul at Dartmouth, N. B. Taylor, vice consul of Belgium, at Portland, Ore. V. Pomet, vice consul of Belgium, at Los Angeles, for Southern California, and Arizona Territory. Joaquin Terraza, Spanish consul at Philadelphia, for Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, and New Jersey, not including Jersey City, Newark and Perth Amboy. David S. Reinberg, Hanover, consul of Ecuador at Cincinnati, Ohio.

## No Warrants Yet Issued.

No warrants were issued today for the arrest of either Herbert Cecil Lewis or Howard D. Orr, who participated in a horsewhipping affair on F street, between Ninth and Tenth streets northwest, and New Jersey, not including Jersey City, Newark and Perth Amboy. David S. Reinberg, Hanover, consul of Ecuador at Cincinnati, Ohio.

For the last six years Mrs. Reed supported herself and children by sewing, evening, as fully stated in The Times this morning. It is very probable that the case will have its sequel in the divorce courts.

## Hunting for Wife and Child.

John Lawrence, a carpenter, living at No. 1601 Fifth street northwest, has asked the assistance of the police to discover his wife and child, who are missing. They left the house early yesterday morning. Mrs. Lawrence says she was going to get work. She had about \$5 in her pocketbook.

## Turned ornamental corner beads

12c; for the protection of plaster corners.

## GEN. GROSVENOR'S ATTACK

Long Promised Assault Upon Civil Service Law Begun.

## HOUSE GAVE CLOSE HEED

Bitter Inveective Against the President of the National Civil Service Reform Association—Representative Bartlett, of Massachusetts, Described as a "Political Cuckoo."

The debate on the civil service law was continued in the House today without the intervention of any business. At the opening of the session Speaker Reed announced that Andrew Devine, for nearly fourteen years, a member of the corps of official reporters, had resigned, and that he had appointed Reuel Small, of Portland, Me., to fill the vacancy.

Before the debate was formally entered upon by Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, suggested that no extension of time, beyond the hour allowed by the rules be made today, the result of which was a speedy unanimous assent to giving General Grosvenor an hour and forty-five minutes and the same to Mr. Johnson, of Indiana.